Makena® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection)

Billing Guide | Spring 2018

Have Questions? Connect with us.

✉️ info@makenacareconnection.com
☑️ 1-800-847-3418 (M–F, 8AM–8PM ET)

Benefits Investigation Support | Financial Assistance for Eligible Patients | Education and Adherence Support
Important Safety Information for Makena (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection) and Important Safety Information

Makena is a progestin indicated to reduce the risk of preterm birth in women with a singleton pregnancy who have a history of singleton spontaneous preterm birth. The effectiveness of Makena is based on improvement in the proportion of women who delivered <37 weeks of gestation. There are no controlled trials demonstrating a direct clinical benefit, such as improvement in neonatal mortality and morbidity.

Limitation of use: While there are many risk factors for preterm birth, safety and efficacy of Makena has been demonstrated only in women with a prior spontaneous singleton preterm birth. It is not intended for use in women with multiple gestations or other risk factors for preterm birth.

Important Safety Information for Makena (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection)

- Do not use Makena in women with any of the following conditions:
  - Current or history of thrombosis or thromboembolic disorders
  - Known or suspected breast cancer, other hormone-sensitive cancer or history of these conditions
  - Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding unrelated to pregnancy
  - Cholestatic jaundice of pregnancy
  - Liver tumors, benign or malignant, or active liver disease
  - Uncontrolled hypertension

- Makena should be discontinued if thrombosis or thromboembolism occurs

- Allergic reactions, including urticaria, pruritus and angioedema, have been reported with use of Makena or with other products containing castor oil

- Women receiving Makena should be monitored if they:
  - Are prediabetic or diabetic
  - Have conditions that may be affected by fluid retention, such as preeclampsia, epilepsy, cardiac or renal dysfunction
  - Have a history of clinical depression; Makena should be discontinued if depression recurs
  - Develop jaundice; consider whether benefit of use warrants continuation
  - Develop hypertension

- Certain pregnancy-related fetal and maternal complications or events were numerically increased in Makena-treated subjects as compared to placebo subjects, including miscarriage (2.4% vs. 0%) and stillbirth (2% vs. 1.3%), admission for preterm labor (16% vs. 13.8%), preeclampsia or gestational hypertension (8.8% vs. 4.6%), gestational diabetes (5.6% vs. 4.6%), and oligohydramnios (3.6% vs. 1.3%)

- In a study where the Makena intramuscular injection was compared with placebo, the most common adverse reactions reported with Makena intramuscular injection (reported incidence in ≥2% of subjects and higher than in the control group) were: injection site reactions (pain [35%], swelling [17%], pruritus [6%], nodule [5%]), urticaria (12%), pruritus (8%), nausea (6%), and diarrhea (2%)

- In studies where the Makena subcutaneous injection using auto-injector was compared with Makena intramuscular injection, the most common adverse reaction reported with Makena Auto-Injector use (and higher than with Makena intramuscular injection) was injection site pain (10% in one study and 34% in another)

Introduction to Makena

This guide covers some important issues about Makena insurance coverage and reimbursement, including a coding key to help you and your office with Makena billing procedures. Remember that a patient's individual insurance benefits will depend on her coverage, and different insurers may have different coverage policies.

For questions, call Makena Care Connection® at 1-800-847-3418 (fax: 1-800-847-3413), email info@makenacareconnection.com, or you can visit the website at www.makenahcp.com.

Makena distribution

As a specialty injectable, Makena can be covered by insurance plans as a pharmacy or medical benefit. Your patient's insurance plan will determine how Makena is covered.

- To prescribe Makena, submit the Makena Prescription Form to Makena Care Connection via fax at 1-800-847-3413
- Makena Care Connection investigates the patient's insurance benefits, and upon approval, sends the Makena prescription to the payer-preferred dispensing pharmacy for processing
- The pharmacy verifies insurance coverage, collects the patient's out-of-pocket cost, and ships the product

- Order and stock Makena through one of the specialty distributor partners (ie, buy-and-bill)
  - CuraScript: (877) 599-7748
  - McKesson Plasma and Biologics: (877) 625-2566
  - TheraCom: (888) 214-8313

Makena dosing and administration

Makena is a once-weekly injection. Makena is administered by a healthcare provider either subcutaneously via an auto-injector or intramuscularly once a week (every 7 days). Makena is packaged as a single-use auto-injector (275 mg/1.1 mL), a single-dose preservative-free vial (250 mg/1 mL), and as a multi-dose vial (250 mg/1 mL) that contains 5 weekly injections.

Makena treatment should be started between 16 weeks, 0 days and 20 weeks, 6 days of gestation and continued until 37 weeks (last injection as late as 36 weeks, 6 days) or delivery, whichever occurs first.

Disclaimer:

This resource and all supporting materials are supplied for information only and are not intended to be a thorough description or analysis of the subject matter herein, nor are they opinions of AMAG Pharmaceuticals. The information and opinions are based on the CPT 2017 and ICD-10-CM 2017 coding manuals and AMA HCPCS 2017. Because payer benefits change regularly, providers are responsible for confirming coverage, coding, and payment with respective payers. Providers are also responsible for ensuring accuracy of service claim forms and supportive documentation sent to payers. AMAG Pharmaceuticals does not make any representation or guarantees concerning the coverage or reimbursement of any service or item.
Billing and coding instructions

The following information will be required when completing the CMS 1500 claim form (see sample form on page 6). Please use your clinical judgment to select the appropriate codes where applicable.


Please include the appropriate CPT code for any Makena® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection) related service in Box 24D of the CMS 1500 claim form. Submit a charge for the office visit using the injection code OR the appropriate office visit (Evaluation and Management) code (99201–99214), not both.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96372</td>
<td>Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection; subcutaneous or intramuscular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office visit code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Office visit code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>99201-99205</td>
<td>Office/outpatient visit, new patient; 10 min–60 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99211-99214</td>
<td>Office/outpatient visit (by staff), established patient; 5 min–25 min</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Duration of appointment will vary depending on the nature of the visit.

Important HCPCS billing and coding information

Makena® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection) has a unique J code J1726 as of January 1, 2018. The code should be used in column 24D of the CMS 1500 claim form.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HCPCS Code</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit of Administration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J code</td>
<td>J1726</td>
<td>Makena® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection)</td>
<td>10 mg=1 billable unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Enter the number of billable units in Box 24G

Important information about reimbursement

When calculating reimbursement, it is important to record the appropriate billable unit. The reimbursement per billable unit may vary based on your contracted payer rate; check with the payer to ensure that your claim is recorded correctly. Below is an example of how to calculate reimbursement using the Makena Auto-Injector:

There are 275 mg in one weekly dose (1.1 mL) of Makena therapy, administered subcutaneously via auto-injector.1,5

• J1726
  – 1 billable unit=10 mg
  – 1 Makena injection=27.5 billable units (275 mg/10 mg)
  – Calculation: 27.5 billable units x (reimbursement rate per billable unit)

Please confirm with the payer if partial billable units is acceptable or if rounding up of billable units is required.

Completing the CMS 1500 claim form

A National Drug Code (NDC) and quantity should be used when billing Makena. Use one of the following codes in Box 19 of the CMS 1500 claim form.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NDC</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Dosage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subcutaneous auto-injector</td>
<td>Makena® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection) Auto-Injector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64011-301-03</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td>64011-301-03</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Single-dose, preservative-free vial</td>
<td>Makena® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64011-247-02</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td>64011-247-02</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Payer requirements regarding 10-digit and 11-digit NDC may vary.

Note: The ICD-10 codes start with an uppercase "O," which is followed by a zero.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICD-10-CM Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O09.212</td>
<td>Supervision of pregnancy with history of preterm labor, second trimester</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O09.213</td>
<td>Supervision of pregnancy with history of preterm labor, third trimester</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O09.219</td>
<td>Supervision of pregnancy with history of preterm labor, unspecified trimester</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The ICD-10 codes start with an uppercase "O," which is followed by a zero.
Completing the CMS 1500 claim form

Please see the following “Physician or supplier information” section of a sample CMS 1500 claim form for Makena® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection), completed using Makena Auto-Injector as an example.

Box 19: Local use information
Always enter the drug name, strength, dosage, and NDC (64011-0301-03 OR 64011-0301-03; 64011-247-02 OR 64011-247-02). It is recommended that a copy of the published pricing source (ie, Red Book price page) for Makena be attached when a claim form is submitted.

Box 20: Diagnosis or nature of illness or injury
Document appropriate ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes corresponding to patient’s diagnosis. Line 1—primary diagnosis code. Please see page 4 for a code description.

Box 21: Procedure code
Document product administration with appropriate CPT and modifier codes. For example: 96372: therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); subcutaneous or intramuscular. 1 Please see Box 24G: Service units for more information.

Box 22: Service units
Report unit of service. J1726: 10 mg–1 billable unit. Enter the additional information in Box 24, including (in order): date and place of service, charges, and qualifier.

Displacement Information

Important Safety Information

The following are answers to some of the most frequently asked questions regarding insurance coverage.

Q. How can Makena insurance coverage be determined for a specific patient?
A. To determine if the health insurance plan provides coverage and payment for Makena, fax a completed Makena Prescription Form to 1-800-847-3413 or call Makena Care Connection® at 1-800-847-3418 to initiate the process. If the patient’s insurance plan requires you to order Makena and submit a claim for each dose, contact the insurance plan directly to confirm the reimbursement rate for each injection.

Q. Which billing code should be used to submit to the insurance company?
A. Makena has a unique J code (J1726) which should be used in column 24D of the CMS 1500 claim form. 2 Many payers/insurers will reimburse a healthcare provider for the appropriate office visit CPT code or the injection code. Therefore, the submitted charge for the office visit should include the appropriate office visit CPT code that corresponds to the level of service provided or for the injection using CPT code 96372—therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); subcutaneous or intramuscular. 1

Please verify the individual patient’s benefits and confirm the reimbursement rate prior to submitting claims for therapy. Additionally, the reimbursement per billable unit may vary based on payer rates and/or the structure of the reimbursement policy.

Q. How do I bill using the Makena J code?
A. The unique Makena J code—J1726—should be used in column 24D of the CMS 1500 claim form. The billable units for the Makena J code are in mg, which can be used in column 24G. 3 When calculating reimbursement, it is important to record the appropriate billable unit in Box 24G of the CMS 1500 claim form. Using Makena Auto-Injector as an example, there are 275 mg in one weekly dose (1.1 mL) of therapy. 3

• J code calculation: 27.5 billable units x (reimbursement rate per billable unit)
• Cost per billable unit will vary based on contracted payer rate

Please confirm with the payer if partial billable units is acceptable or if rounding up of billable units is required.

Please see Important Safety Information on page 2 and attached full Prescribing Information for Makena.
Q. Will the insurance company require a prior authorization for Makena® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection)?
A. As with other injectable drugs, some insurance companies will require a prior authorization for Makena. The prior authorization is often in place to ensure the patient meets the eligibility criteria for therapy based on the FDA-approved indication. Clinical eligibility includes women who:
• Are pregnant with a single baby, and
• Have a history of singleton spontaneous preterm birth (<37 weeks)
You may be contacted by Makena Care Connection®, the assigned pharmacy, and/or the insurance plans with questions regarding prior authorization for Makena.

Q. How does my patient get connected to financial assistance in a buy-and-bill scenario?
A. If your patient feels as though her out-of-pocket expense is too high for Makena, please have her call Makena Care Connection to see if she is eligible for financial assistance. Please ensure the patient informs Makena Care Connection that she is receiving injections of Makena in your office that you purchased directly from a specialty distributor.
Eligibility criteria include:
• Patient meets the FDA-approved indication (pregnant with a singleton with a history of singleton spontaneous preterm birth <37 weeks of gestation)
In compliance with federal regulations, patients insured by a government-funded program (eg, Medicaid, TRICARE, etc.) are not eligible.

Q. What can I do for my patients who do not have insurance?
A. Make sure to check “Patient does not have insurance” in Step 1 of the Makena Prescription Form in order for your patient to be screened for eligibility for the Makena Patient Assistance Program.
Eligibility criteria include:
• Patient meets the FDA-approved indication (pregnant with a singleton with a history of singleton spontaneous preterm birth <37 weeks of gestation)

Q. Where can I access the CMS 1500 form?

Q. What is the return policy?
A. Under certain circumstances, Makena can be returned for credit. Please see our returns policy at www.makenahcp.com to see if your order qualifies.
For the multi-dose vial (5 weekly injections), keep the storage guidelines noted in the Makena prescribing information in mind. All doses need to be used within 5 weeks after the first use. Under certain circumstances, Makena can be returned for credit.

Q. Is 340B/PHS pricing available?
A. 340B-eligible hospitals and other eligible facilities can obtain Makena through CuraScript, Inc., McKesson Plasma and Biologics, or TheraCom.

Q. Will I pay the list price or is the price higher due to distributor markups?
A. You will purchase Makena at the product acquisition price (ie, list price/WAC, or 340B pricing for eligible hospitals). There are no distributor markups when Makena is purchased through CuraScript, Inc., McKesson Plasma and Biologics, or TheraCom.
If purchasing auto-injector (1.1 mL) or single-dose (1 mL) vials, you may be eligible to receive a 15% volume discount. Please contact CuraScript (877-599-7748) or TheraCom (888-214-8313) for more information.
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services State Offices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alabama</td>
<td>(800) 362-1504</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois</td>
<td>(800) 843-6154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>(800) 362-8312</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhode Island</td>
<td>(401) 462-5300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alaska</td>
<td>(907) 465-3030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indiana</td>
<td>(800) 577-1278</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nebraska</td>
<td>(402) 471-3121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>(803) 898-2500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>(602) 417-4000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iowa</td>
<td>(800) 338-8366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>(775) 684-3600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>(605) 773-4678</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas</td>
<td>(800) 457-4454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>(800) 766-9012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Hampshire</td>
<td>(603) 271-2261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>(800) 342-3145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>(800) 541-5555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky</td>
<td>(800) 635-2570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>(800) 356-1561</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>(800) 925-9126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>(800) 221-3943</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>(888) 342-6207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>(505) 827-3103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>(801) 538-6155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut</td>
<td>(800) 842-8440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maine</td>
<td>(877) 353-3771</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>(800) 541-2831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont</td>
<td>(800) 250-8427</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delaware</td>
<td>(800) 372-2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>(800) 977-7388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>(800) 662-7030</td>
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<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>(800) 786-6145</td>
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<tr>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
<td>(202) 442-2900</td>
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<tr>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>(800) 841-2900</td>
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<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>(701) 328-2321</td>
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<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>(800) 562-3022</td>
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<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>(888) 419-3456</td>
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<tr>
<td>Michigan</td>
<td>(517) 373-3740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>(800) 324-8680</td>
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<tr>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>(888) 483-0797</td>
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<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>(800) 766-4456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnesota</td>
<td>(800) 657-3739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>(405) 622-7300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wisconsin</td>
<td>(800) 362-3002</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>(800) 316-8005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>(800) 421-2408</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>(800) 359-9517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>(307) 777-7531</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>(208) 334-5747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missouri</td>
<td>(800) 392-2161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>(800) 440-3989</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Makena Care Connection® makes things easier

Patient benefits investigations and support program connections, all in one place
To help support benefits investigations and prior authorizations for your patients, contact Makena Care Connection.

Rx Support
Each woman is unique and so are her insurance benefits. Because timely access is so important to your practice, we’ll aid in verifying insurance coverage and obtaining prior authorizations (when applicable) to help your patients get their Makena prescription on time.

Financial Assistance
We believe patients should be able to focus more on their pregnancy than the cost of their medication. To support that, AMAG Pharmaceuticals is committed to ensuring affordable access to Makena. We proactively screen and offer eligible patients’ financial assistance with no income caps.

Education & Adherence
We understand that moms receiving Makena injections may need some encouragement and support to stick to their weekly injection schedule, and we want to help. This free service offers educational and adherence support to encourage women to make Makena part of their pregnancy and take an active role in their health.

Patient benefits investigations and support program connections, all in one place

Have Questions? Connect with us.

info@makenacareconnection.com
1-800-847-3418 (M–F, 8am–8pm ET)

References:
1. Makena® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection) prescribing information, AMAG Pharmaceuticals, 2018.

Have Questions? Connect with us.

info@makenacareconnection.com
1-800-847-3418 (M–F, 8am–8pm ET)
Full Prescribing Information attached here.

If missing, please visit http://www.makena.com/pi
HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION
These highlights do not include all the information needed to use MAKENA safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for MAKENA.

MAKENA® (hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection) for intramuscular or subcutaneous use.

Initial U.S. Approval: 1956

RECENT MAJOR CHANGES
Dosage and Administration, Dosing (2.1) 02/2018
Dosage and Administration, Preparation & Administration (2.2) 02/2018

INDICATIONS AND USAGE
Makena is a progestin indicated to reduce the risk of preterm birth in women with a singleton pregnancy who have a history of singleton spontaneous preterm birth (1).

The effectiveness of Makena is based on improvement in the proportion of women who delivered < 37 weeks of gestation (14). There are no controlled trials demonstrating a direct clinical benefit, such as improvement in neonatal mortality and morbidity.

Limitation of use: Makena is not intended for use in women with multiple gestations or other risk factors for preterm birth.

DOSE AND ADMINISTRATION

• Makena auto-injector: Administer subcutaneously using Makena auto-injector at a dose of 275 mg (1.1 mL) once weekly, in the back of either upper arm (2.1).

• Makena (single- and multi-dose vials): Administer intramuscularly at a dose of 250 mg (1 mL) once weekly in the upper outer quadrant of the gluteus maximus (2.1).

• Begin treatment between 16 weeks, 0 days and 20 weeks, 6 days of gestation (2.1).

• Continue administration once weekly until week 37 (through 36 weeks, 6 days) of gestation or delivery, whichever occurs first (2.1).

DOSE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

1.1 mL single-use auto-injector for subcutaneous use contains 275 mg of hydroxyprogesterone caproate (250 mg/mL) (3).

1 mL single-dose vial for intramuscular use contains 250 mg of hydroxyprogesterone caproate (3).

5 mL multi-dose vial for intramuscular use contains 1250 mg of hydroxyprogesterone caproate (250 mg/mL) (3).

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Current or history of thrombosis or thromboembolic disorders (4)

Known or suspected breast cancer, other hormone-sensitive cancer, or history of these conditions (4)

Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding unrelated to pregnancy (4)

Cholestatic jaundice of pregnancy (4)

Liver tumors, benign or malignant, or active liver disease (4)

Uncontrolled hypertension (4)

CONTRAINdications

Thromboembolic disorders: Discontinue if thrombosis or thromboembolism occurs (5.1)

Allergic reactions: Consider discontinuing if allergic reactions occur (5.2)

Decreased glucose tolerance: Monitor prediabetic and diabetic women receiving Makena (5.3)

Fluid retention: Monitor women with conditions that may be affected by fluid retention, such as preclampsia, epilepsy, cardiac or renal dysfunction (5.4)

Depression: Monitor women with a history of clinical depression; discontinue Makena if depression recurs (5.5)

ADVERSE REACTIONS

In a study where the Makena intramuscular injection was compared with placebo, the most common adverse reactions reported with Makena intramuscular injection (reported incidence in ≥ 2% of subjects and higher than in the control group) were: injection site reactions (pain [35%], swelling [17%], pruritus [6%], nodule [5%]), urticaria (12%), pruritus (8%), nausea (6%), and diarrhea (2%) (6.1).

In studies where the Makena subcutaneous injection using auto-injector was compared with Makena intramuscular injection, the most common adverse reaction reported with Makena auto-injector use (and higher than with Makena intramuscular injection) was injection site pain (10% in one study and 34% in another) (6.1).

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact AMAG Pharmaceuticals at 1-877-411-2510 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch. See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION and FDA-approved patient labeling.

FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION: CONTENTS*

1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

2.1 Dosing

2.2 Preparation and Administration

2.3 Instructions for Use (Makena Auto-injector)

3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

5.1 Thromboembolic Disorders

5.2 Allergic Reactions

5.3 Decrease in Glucose Tolerance

5.4 Fluid Retention

5.5 Depression

5.6 Jaundice

5.7 Hypertension

6 ADVERSE REACTIONS

6.1 Clinical Trials Experience

6.2 Postmarketing Experience

7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

8.1 Pregnancy

8.2 Lactation

8.3 Pediatric Use

9 SAFETY INFORMATION

10 OVERDOSAGE

11 DESCRIPTION

12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

12.1 Mechanism of Action

12.2 Pharmacodynamics

12.3 Pharmacokinetics

13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

14 CLINICAL STUDIES

14.1 Clinical Trial to Evaluate Reduction of Risk of Preterm Birth

14.2 Infant Follow-Up Safety Study

15 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

* Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing information are not listed.

Because Makena auto-injector is preservative-free, once the cap is removed the device should be used immediately or discarded.

Rotate the injection site to the alternate arm from the previous week. Do not use in areas where the skin is tender, bruised, red, scaly, raised, thick, or hard. Avoid areas with scars, tattoos, or stretch marks.

The solution is viscous and oily. The auto-injector takes approximately 15 seconds to deliver the dose; when the viewing window is fully blocked (completely orange), the full dose has been administered. The “Instructions for Use” contains detailed steps for administering the subcutaneous injection using the auto-injector (see Dosage and Administration (2.3)). Read the “Instructions for Use” carefully before administering Makena auto-injector.

2.3 Instructions for Use (Makena Auto-injector)

Parenteral drug products should be inspected visually for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration, whenever solution and container permit. Makena is a clear, yellow solution. The solution is viscous and oily. Slow injection (over one minute or longer) is recommended.

Specific instructions for administration by dosage form:

Makena single-dose or multi-dose vials (intramuscular use only)

Makena single-dose or multi-dose vials are for intramuscular injection only and are for use by healthcare providers.

Makena single-dose or multi-dose vials are filled with a syringe into the upper outer quadrant of the gluteus maximus, rotating the injection site to the alternate side from the previous site, using the following preparation and administration procedure:

1. Clean the vial top with an alcohol swab before use.
2. Draw up 1 mL of drug into a 3 mL syringe with an 18 gauge needle.
3. Change the needle to a 21 gauge 1 inch needle.
4. After preparing the skin, inject in the upper outer quadrant of the gluteus maximus. The solution is viscous and oily. Slow injection (over one minute or longer) is recommended.
5. Applying pressure to the injection site may minimize bruising and swelling.
6. If the 5 mL multi-dose vial is used, discard any unused product 5 weeks after first use.

Makena auto-injector (subcutaneous use only)

Makena auto-injector is a single-use, pre-filled, disposable device containing a 27 gauge, 0.5 inch needle that delivers one dose subcutaneously in the back of the upper arm.
Certain pregnancy-related fetal and maternal complications or events were numerically increased in the Makena-treated subjects as compared to control subjects. Table 3 lists adverse reactions occurring in ≥ 2% of Makena-treated subjects and at a higher rate than in the control group.

In the clinical trial using intramuscular injection, 2.2% of subjects receiving Makena were reported as discontinuing therapy due to adverse reactions compared to 2.6% of control subjects. The most common adverse reactions that led to discontinuation in both groups were utricanica and injection site pain/swelling (1% each). Pulmonary embolism in one subject and injection site cellulitis in another subject were reported as serious adverse reactions in Makena-treated subjects.

Two clinical studies were conducted in healthy post-menopausal women, comparing Makena administered via subcutaneous auto-injector to Makena administered as an intramuscular injection. In the first study, injection site pain occurred in 3/30 (10%) of subjects who used the subcutaneous auto-injector vs. 2/20 (10%) of subjects who used Makena as an intramuscular injection. In the second study, injection site pain occurred in 2/95 (3%) of subjects who used the subcutaneous auto-injector vs. 5/81 (6%) of subjects receiving intramuscular injection.

7.1 Drug-Drug Interactions

In vitro drug-drug interaction studies were conducted with Makena. Hydroxyprogesterone caproate has minimal potential for CYP1A2, CYP2A6, and CYP2B6 related drug-drug interactions at the clinically relevant concentrations. In vitro data indicated that therapeutic concentration of hydroxyprogesterone caproate is not likely to inhibit the activity of CYPC2C, CYPC9C, CYPC2D6, CYPC2E1, and CYPC3A4 [See Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)]. No in vivo drug-drug interaction studies were conducted with Makena.

8. USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

8.1 Pregnancy

Makena is indicated to reduce the risk of preterm birth in women with a singleton pregnancy who have a history of singleton spontaneous preterm birth. Fetal, neonatal, and maternal risks are discussed throughout labeling. Data from the placebo-controlled clinical trial and the infant follow-up safety studies [See Clinical Studies (14.1)] did not reveal any difference in adverse developmental outcomes between children of Makena-treated women and children of control subjects. However, these data are limited, and a study to determine a dose-related risk of adverse developmental outcomes as none of the Makena-treated women received the drug during the first trimester of pregnancy. In animal reproduction studies, intramuscular administration of hydroxyprogesterone caproate to pregnant rats at doses up to 5 times the human dose equivalent based on a 60-kg human was not associated with adverse developmental outcomes. In the U.S. general population, the estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage in clinically recognized pregnancies is 2% to 4% and 15% to 20%, respectively.

Data

Animal Data

Reproductive studies of hydroxyprogesterone caproate administered to various animal species have been reported in the literature. In nonhuman primates, embryolethality was reported in rhesus monkeys administered hydroxyprogesterone caproate up to 2.4 and 24 times the human dose equivalent, but not in cynomolgus monkeys administered hydroxyprogesterone caproate at doses up to 2.4 and 24 times the human dose equivalent, every 7 days between days 20 and 146 of gestation. There were no teratogenic effects in either strain of monkey.

Reproduction studies have been performed in mice and rats at doses up to 95 and 5, respectively, times the human dose and have revealed no evidence of impaired fertility or harm to the fetus due to hydroxyprogesterone caproate.

8.2 Lactation

Risk Summary

Low levels of progesterone are present in human milk with the use of progesterin-containing products, including hydroxyprogesterone caproate. Published studies have reported no adverse effects of progesterone on the breastfeeding child or on milk production.

8.3 Pediatric Use

Makena is not indicated for use in women under 16 years of age. Safety and effectiveness in patients less than 16 years of age have not been established. A small number of women under age 16 years were studied; safety and efficacy data were not to be the same in women aged 16 years and above as for users 18 years and older [See Clinical Studies (14)].

8.4 Preparative Use

Makena is not indicated for use in women under 16 years of age. Safety and effectiveness in patients less than 16 years of age have not been established. A small number of women under age 16 years were studied; safety and efficacy data were not to be the same in women aged 16 years and above as for users 18 years and older [See Clinical Studies (14)].

8.5 Hepatic Impairment

No studies have been conducted to examine the pharmacokinetics of Makena in patients with hepatic impairment. Makena is extensively metabolized and hepatic impairment may reduce the elimination of Makena.

10. OVERDOSAGE

There have been no reports of adverse events associated with overdose of Makena in clinical trials. In the case of overdose, the patient should be treated symptomatically.

11. DESCRIPTION

The active pharmaceutical ingredient in Makena is hydroxyprogesterone caproate, a progestin. The chemical name for hydroxyprogesterone caproate is preg-4-ene-3,20-dione, 17[(1-oxohexyl) benzoate USP (46% v/v). Each 5 mL multi-dose vial contains hydroxyprogesterone caproate USP 250 mg/mL, benzyl benzoate USP (46% v/v) with the preservative benzyl alcohol NF (2% v/v).

Makena is a clear, yellow, sterile, non-pyrogenic solution for intramuscular (vials) or subcutaneous (auto-injector) injection. Each 1.1 mL Makena auto-injector for subcutaneous use and each 1 mL single-dose vial for intramuscular use contains hydroxyprogesterone caproate USP, 250 mg/mL (25% w/v), in a preservative-free solution containing castor oil USP (30.6% v/v) and benzyl benzoate USP (46% v/v). Each 5 mL multi-dose vial contains hydroxyprogesterone caproate USP 250 mg/mL (25% w/v), in castor oil USP (28.6% v/v) and benzyl benzoate USP (46% v/v) with the preservative benzyl alcohol NF (2% v/v).

The chemical name for hydroxyprogesterone caproate is pregn-4-ene-3,20-dione, 17[(1-oxohexyl) benzoate USP (46% v/v). Each 5 mL multi-dose vial contains hydroxyprogesterone caproate USP 250 mg/mL, benzyl benzoate USP (46% v/v) with the preservative benzyl alcohol NF (2% v/v).

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12.2 Pharmacokinetics

Hydroxyprogesterone caproate has not been adequately evaluated for carcinogenicity. In vitro data indicated that therapeutic concentration of hydroxyprogesterone caproate is not likely to inhibit the activity of CYP2C8, CYP2C9, CYP2C19, CYP2D6, CYP2E1, and CYP3A4.

Drug Interactions

Cytochrome P450 (CYP) enzymes: An in vitro inhibition study using human liver microsomes and CYP isoforms revealed that hydroxyprogesterone caproate had no inhibitory effect on the CYP enzymes tested.

Elimination: The elimination half-life of hydroxyprogesterone caproate, as evaluated from 4 patients in the study, was 26.9 kg/m2. 59.0% Black, 25.5% Caucasian, 13.9% Hispanic and 0.6% Asian. The mean body mass index was 22.2 ± 4.2 kg/m2.

Metabolism: Hydroxyprogesterone caproate undergoes extensive reduction, hydroxylation and conjugation. The conjugated metabolites include sulfated, glucuronidated and acetylated products. In vitro data indicate that the metabolism of hydroxyprogesterone caproate is predominantly mediated by CYP3A4 and CYP3A5. In vivo data indicate that the conjugate compound is retained during metabolism of hydroxyprogesterone caproate.

Electrocardiography: Conjugated metabolites and free steroids are excreted in the urine and feces, with the conjugated metabolites being prominent. Following intramuscular administration to pregnant women at 10-12 weeks gestation, approximately 50% of a dose was recovered in the feces and approximately 36% recovered in the urine.

Table 6: Fetal Losses and Neonatal Deaths

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Complication</th>
<th>Makena</th>
<th>Control</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Miscarriages</td>
<td>N=306</td>
<td>N=153</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe</td>
<td>5 (2.4)</td>
<td>2 (1.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stillbirth</td>
<td>6 (2.0)</td>
<td>2 (1.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antepartum stillbirth</td>
<td>5 (1.6)</td>
<td>1 (0.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neonatal death</td>
<td>8 (2.6)</td>
<td>9 (5.9)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fetal Deaths

Fetal deaths in the Makena-treated subjects were less than the follow-up and stillbirth or neonatal status could not be determined.

The percentage is based on the number of enrolled subjects and not adjusted for time on drug.

A composite neonatal mortality/morbidity index evaluated adverse outcomes in live births. It was based on the number of neonates who died or experienced respiratory distress syndrome, bronchopulmonary dysplasia, grade 3 or 4 intraventricular hemorrhage, proven sepsis, or necrotizing enterocolitis. Although the proportion of neonates who experienced 1 or more events was numerically lower in the Makena arm (11.9% vs. 17.2%), the number of adverse outcomes was limited and the difference between arms was not statistically significant.

14.2 Infant Follow-Up Safety Study

Infants born to women enrolled in this study, and who survived to be discharged from the nursery, were monitored for follow-up safety study. Of 348 eligible offspring, 79.9% enrolled. 194 children of Makena-treated women and 84 children of control subjects. The primary endpoint was the score on the Ages & Stages Questionnaire (ASQ), which evaluates communication, gross motor, fine motor, problem solving, and personal/social parameters. The proportion of children who met the screening threshold for developmental delay in each developmental domain was similar for each treatment group.

15 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

Makena auto-injector (for subcutaneous injection)

Makena auto-injector (NDX 64011-301-03) is supplied as 1.1 mL of a clear yellow sterile preservative-free solution in an auto-injector containing a pre-filled syringe. Each 1.1 mL auto-injector contains hydroxyprogesterone caproate USP, 250 mg/mL (25% w/v), in castor oil USP 30.6% (w/v) and benzyl benzoate USP 46% (v/v). Single unit carton: Contains one 1 mL single-patient-use auto-injector of Makena containing 275 mg of hydroxyprogesterone caproate.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F). Do not refrigerate or freeze.

Caution: Protect auto-injector from light. Store auto-injector in its box. Makena single- and double-dose vials for intramuscular injection

Makena (NDX 64011-247-02) is supplied as 1 mL of a sterile preservative-free clear yellow solution in a single-dose glass vial. Each 1 mL vial contains hydroxyprogesterone caproate USP, 250 mg/mL (25% w/v), in castor oil USP (30.6% w/v) and benzyl benzoate USP (46% v/v).

Single unit carton: Contains one 1 mL single-dose vial of Makena containing 250 mg of hydroxyprogesterone caproate.

Makena (NDX 64011-243-01) is supplied as 5 mL of a sterile clear yellow solution in a multi-dose glass vial. Each 5 mL vial contains hydroxyprogesterone caproate USP, 250 mg/mL (25% w/v), in castor oil USP (28.8% v/v) and benzyl benzoate USP (46% v/v) with the preservative benzyl alcohol NF (2% v/v).

Single unit carton: Contains one 5 mL multi-dose vial of Makena (250 mg/mL) containing 1250 mg of hydroxyprogesterone caproate.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F). Do not refrigerate or freeze. Use multi-dose vials within 5 weeks after first use.

Caution: Protect vial from light. Store vial in its box. Store safely.

17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

Advise the patient to read the FDA-approved patient labeling (Patient Information).

Counsel patients that Makena injections may cause pain, soreness, swelling, itching or bruising. Inform the patient to contact their physician if they notice increased discomfort over time, ooze of blood or fluid, or inflammatory reactions (injection). (see Adverse Reactions (6.1)). Distributed by: AMAG Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Waltham, MA 02451.
 PATIENT INFORMATION
MAKENA (mah-KEE-na)
(hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection)
auto-injector for subcutaneous use
MAKENA (mah-KEE-na)
(hydroxyprogesterone caproate injection)
vial for intramuscular use

Read this Patient Information leaflet before you receive MAKENA. There may be new information. This information does not take the place of talking to your healthcare provider about your medical condition or treatment.

What is MAKENA?
MAKENA is a prescription hormone medicine (progestin) used in women who are pregnant and who have delivered a baby too early (preterm) in the past. MAKENA is used in these women to help lower the risk of having a preterm baby again. It is not known if MAKENA reduces the number of babies who are born with serious medical conditions or die shortly after birth. MAKENA is for women who:
• Are pregnant with one baby.
• Have had a preterm delivery of one baby in the past.
MAKENA is not intended for use to stop active preterm labor. It is not known if MAKENA is safe and effective in women who have other risk factors for preterm birth.
MAKENA is not for use in women under 16 years of age.

Who should not receive MAKENA?
MAKENA should not be used if you have:
• blood clots or other blood clotting problems now or in the past
• breast cancer or other hormone-sensitive cancers now or in the past
• unusual vaginal bleeding not related to your current pregnancy
• yellowing of your skin due to liver problems during your pregnancy
• liver problems, including liver tumors
• high blood pressure that is not controlled

What should I tell my healthcare provider before receiving MAKENA?
Before you receive MAKENA, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you have:
• a history of allergic reaction to hydroxyprogesterone caproate, castor oil, or any of the other ingredients in MAKENA. See the end of this Patient Information leaflet for a complete list of ingredients in MAKENA.
• diabetes or pre-diabetes.
• epilepsy (seizures).
• migraine headaches.
• asthma.
• heart problems.
• kidney problems.
• depression.
• high blood pressure.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

MAKENA may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how MAKENA works.

Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show your healthcare provider or pharmacist when you get a new medicine.

How should I receive MAKENA?
• Do not give yourself MAKENA injections. A healthcare provider will give you the MAKENA injection 1 time each week (every 7 days) either:
  o in the back of your upper arm as an injection under the skin (subcutaneous), or
  o in the upper outer area of the buttocks as an injection into the muscle (intramuscular).
• You will start receiving MAKENA injections anytime from 16 weeks and 0 days of your pregnancy, up to 20 weeks and 6 days of your pregnancy.
• You will continue to receive MAKENA injections 1 time each week until week 37 (through 36 weeks and 6 days) of your pregnancy or when your baby is delivered, whichever comes first.

What are the possible side effects of MAKENA?
MAKENA may cause serious side effects, including:
• Blood clots. Symptoms of a blood clot may include:
  o leg swelling
  o redness in your leg
  o a spot on your leg that is warm to the touch
  o leg pain that gets worse when you bend your foot
Call your healthcare provider right away if you get any of the symptoms above during treatment with MAKENA.
• Allergic reactions. Symptoms of an allergic reaction may include:
  o hives
  o itching
  o swelling of the face
Call your healthcare provider right away if you get any of the symptoms above during treatment with MAKENA.
• Decrease in glucose (blood sugar) tolerance. Your healthcare provider will need to monitor your blood sugar while taking MAKENA if you have diabetes or pre-diabetes.
• Your body may hold too much fluid (fluid retention).
• Depression.
• Yellowing of your skin and the whites of your eyes (jaundice).
• High blood pressure.

The most common side effects of MAKENA include:
• pain, swelling, itching or a hard bump at the injection site
• hives
• itching
• nausea
• diarrhea
Call your healthcare provider if you have the following at your injection site:
• increased pain over time
• oozing of blood or fluid
• swelling

Other side effects that may happen more often in women who receive MAKENA include:
• Miscarriage (pregnancy loss before 20 weeks of pregnancy)
• Stillbirth (fetal death occurring during or after the 20th week of pregnancy)
• Hospital admission for preterm labor
• Preeclampsia (high blood pressure and too much protein in your urine)
• Gestational hypertension (high blood pressure caused by pregnancy)
• Gestational diabetes
• Oligohydramnios (low amniotic fluid levels)

Tell your healthcare provider if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

These are not all the possible side effects of MAKENA. For more information, ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

How should I store MAKENA?
• MAKENA auto-injector for subcutaneous use:
  o Store the auto-injector at room temperature between 68°F to 77°F (20°C to 25°C).
  o Do not refrigerate or freeze.
  o Protect the auto-injector from light.
  o Store the auto-injector in its box.
• MAKENA vial for intramuscular use:
  o Store the vial at room temperature between 68°F to 77°F (20°C to 25°C).
  o Do not refrigerate or freeze.
  o Protect the vial from light.
  o Store the vial in its box in an upright position.

Keep MAKENA and all medicines out of the reach of children.

General information about the safe and effective use of MAKENA. Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Patient Information leaflet. Do not use MAKENA for a condition for which it was not prescribed. Do not give MAKENA to other people, even if they have the same symptoms you have. It may harm them.

This leaflet summarizes the most important information about MAKENA. If you would like more information, talk with your healthcare provider. You can ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist for information about MAKENA that is written for health professionals.

What are the ingredients in MAKENA?
Active ingredient: hydroxyprogesterone caproate
Inactive ingredients: castor oil and benzyl benzoate. 5 mL multi-dose vials also contain benzyl alcohol (a preservative).

Distributed by: AMAG Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Makena is a registered trademark of AMAG Pharmaceuticals, Inc. For more information, go to www.MAKENA.com or call AMAG Pharmaceuticals Customer Service at the toll-free number 1-877-411-2510.

This Patient Information has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration Revised: 02/2018